

AB 541 TOBACCO TREATMENT IN BEHAVIORAL HEALTH PROGRAMS TRAINING

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ALAMEDA COUNTY TOBACCO TREATMENT TRAINING PROGRAM

LIFELONG MEDICAL CARE

FEB 2023

LEARNING OBJECTIVES FOR PARTICIPANTS

- Describe ways to best implement Assembly Bill 541 requirements into your behavioral health agencies to support tobacco use disorder treatment
- Explain how recovery from tobacco use disorder enhances recovery from other addictions and supports mental health well-being
- Name (3) examples of best practices for treating tobacco use disorder in addiction and mental health treatment settings
- Describe how to effectively optimize nicotine replacement therapy and pharmacological support for your clients

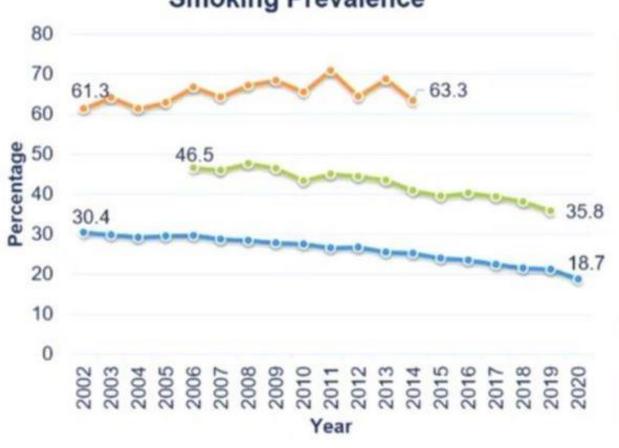
SLIDES HAVE BEEN ADAPTED FROM SMOKING CESSATION LEADERSHIP CENTER UCSF WEBINARS

- Enhancing Recovery by Addressing Smoking During Addiction Treatment, co-hosted by the American Society of Addiction Medicine. *October 19, 2021*
- Brian Hurley, MD, MBA, DFASAM, President-Elect, American Society of Addiction Medicine, Medical Director, LA County Department of Public Health's Substance Abuse Prevention and Control.
- What Works: Developing Effective Partnerships to Treat Tobacco Addiction in Behavioral Health Settings September 23, 2021
- Heath Holt Hayes, MA, Oklahoma Department of Mental Health and Substance Use Services.
- Christian Barnes-Young, MS, LPC, Division of Community Mental Health Services, South Carolina Department of Mental Health
- Regina F. Smith, MS Indiana Department of Health

Smoking Prevalence in Substance Use Disorder Treatment in California







Smoking Prevalence

<u>General Population</u> Decrease in smoking prevalence among general population from 2002-2020

People with Substance Use

Significant decrease in smoking prevalence among people with substance use disorder 2002-2020

Illicit Substance

When excluding cannabis use, smoking prevalence among people with substance use disorder increased from 2002-2014

SAMHSA 2020, Han et al., 2022, Weinberger et al., 2018

TOBACCO TREATMENT IS HIGHLY NEEDED IN SUD/MH POPULATIONS.

FACTS

В

R

- People with severe mental health needs die 10-25 years sooner than the general population.
- Half of all people in substance use recovery die of tobacco-related diseases.
- Studies show that less than half of people in MH or SUD treatment are offered tobacco treatment services/support.

National BH Smoking Rate Breakdowns

Population	Smoking Rate
Alcohol Use	56.1% (past mo.); 43.5% (lifetime) 1
Drug Addictions*	67.9% (past mo.); 49% (lifetime) 1
Individuals receiving substance abuse treatment	77%4
Opioid-dependent individuals	92 ^{%5}
Schizophrenia	70-85 ^{%²}
Anxiety	54.6% (past mo.); 46% (lifetime) 1
PTSD	44.6% (past mo.); 45.3% (lifetime) 1
ADHD	41-42% (adults) ¹ ; 19-46% (adolescents) ³
Bipolar Disorder	60-70% ⁵

Lasser et al., JAMA 2000; 284(20): 2606-2610.
 SThomson D, Berk M, Dodd S, et al. Tobacco
 Ziedonis et al., Nic and Tob Res 2008;10(12):1691-1715.
 WhcLernon et al., Ann NY AcadSci 2008;1141:131-147.
 Ykelly et al: Drug and Alcohol Review. 2012;31;638-644
 ⁵Brooner et al: Arch Gen Psychiatry. 1997;54:71-80.

*Includes all substance use disorders outlined in DSM-III-R

Smoking Cessation Services in Substance Use Disorder Treatment

- Substance use disorder treatment is wellpositioned to offer smoking cessation services
- Gaps in treatment exist

California		
Screening	52%	
Counseling	42%	
Tobacco-free grounds	22%	
Cessation Medication	20%	
Pharmacotherapy	16%	

Reasons We Do Not Address Smoking

- Not part of addiction treatment culture
- Patient lack of readiness (or resistance)
- Lack of resources to implement tobacco cessation services
- Staff smoking and attitudes toward smoking
- Environmental barriers: physical layout and location

Pagano A, Tajima B, Guydish J. Barriers and Facilitators to Tobacco Cessation in a Nationwide Sample of Addiction Treatment Programs. J Subst Abuse Treat. 2016 Aug;67:22-9. doi: 10.1016/j.jsat.2016.04.004. Epub 2016 May 5. PMID: 27296658; PMCID: PMC4911699.

INFLUENCING FACTORS TOBACCO INDUSTRY TARGETING



Subject: Gratis Request

Operation Santa Claus

Date: November 16, 1984



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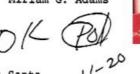




Poll 1

To: Peter Allan

From: Miriam G. Adams



Attached is a request for cigarettes for Operation Santa Claus. This is an event we have made donation to over the years, and last year we donated 60 cartons.

This is for a worthwhile cause but would have to be charged to CPR as RJRT does not have sufficient budget.

Your comments would be appreciated.

Operation Santa Claus 60 cartons of cigarettes

to the Forsyth County Residents of John Umstead & Murdoch Center

Corporate Public Relations

MGA:bkm

Attachment



Misconceptions

- Smoking helps people manage stress
- Smoking helps manage mental health symptoms
- Quitting Smoking will jeopardize sobriety or treatment outcomes
- Smoking is a low priority problem

Reality

- They are as motivated to quit as people who smoke without mental illness
- They are able to quit, especially when offered proven treatments.
- Quitting improves psychological well-being and sobriety

Smoking cessation in SUD Populations

- Does not impair outcome of the presenting substance abuse problem
- Enhances substance use disorder treatment outcomes

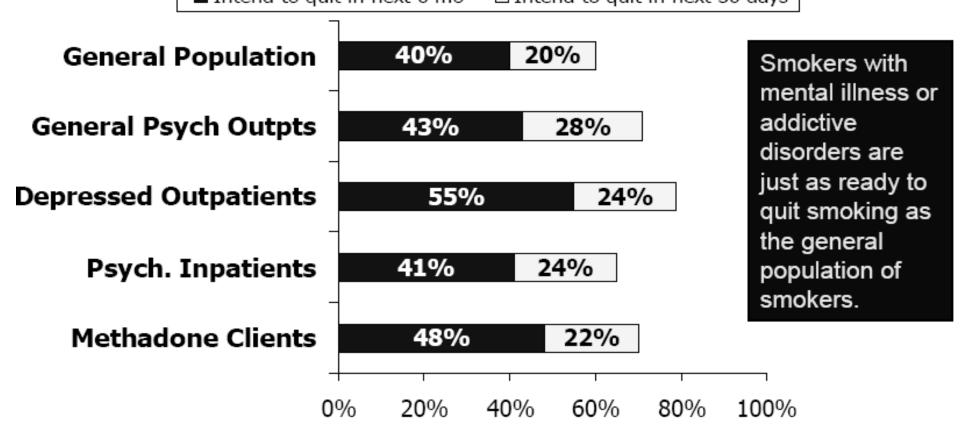
Study	Findings
Hufnagel et al, 2017	Smoking increased the risk for alcohol use relapse
Prochaska et al, 2004	25% increased likelihood of long-term abstinence from alcohol and drugs
Prochaska et al, 2004	Smoking cessation supports long-term recover up to 9 years or more
Shoptaw et al, 2002	Smoking cessation is correlated with cocaine and opiate abstinence

QUITTING SMOKING COMPARED TO TAKING ANTIDEPRESSANTS



Taylor et al. BMJ 2014; 348:bmj.g1151

READINESS to QUIT in SPECIAL POPULATIONS Intend to quit in next 6 mo Intend to quit in next 30 days



* No relationship between psychiatric symptom severity and readiness to quit

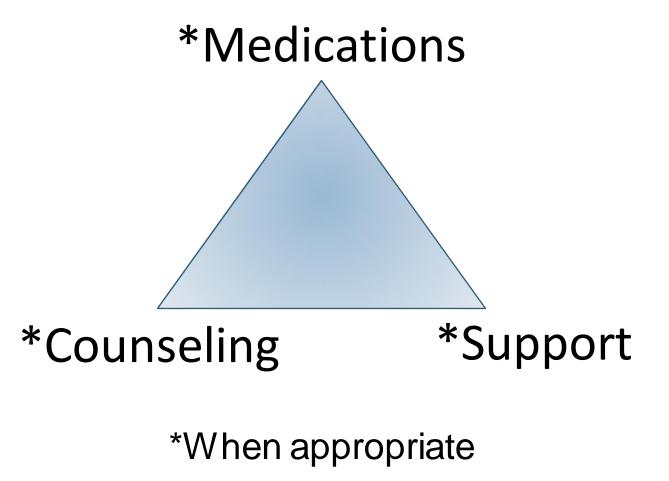
Slide Courtesy J Prochaska; Acton 2001; Prochaska 2004; Prochaska 2006; Nahvi 2006

CALIFORNIA ASSEMBLY BILL 541

- Assembly Bill signed in August 2021
- Went into effect January 2022, slow implementation
- All licensed and certified California SUD treatment programs must:
 - Assess clients for tobacco use
 - Educate clients on how continued use of tobacco products could affect their longterm success in recover from substance use disorder"
 - Include tobacco treatment in treatment plan
 - And/or refer to services

TOBACCO TREATMENT

Core Components of Addiction Treatment



Source: http://www.samhsa.gov/treatment

Addiction Treatment Should Take the Lead

- High prevalence of tobacco use disorders
- Tremendous patient need
- Experts in psychosocial treatment and addictive disorders
- Longer and more treatment sessions
- Relationship to other addictions
- Tobacco interactions with psychotropics

Slide courtesy of Williams JM, 2012 AAAP Workshop on Tobacco Use and Cessation, December 7, 2012

WHAT IS THE BEST TREATMENT FOR TOBACCO DEPENDENCE?



Self quitting (aka Cold Turkey): 5%

Physician Advice: 10%

Group or Individual Counseling: 20%

Medication: 20%

Combination **medication + counseling:** 35-40%

The 5 A's: Patient Readiness to Change

- ASK about tobacco use
- ADVISE to change tobacco use
- ASSESS willingness to make a change attempt
- ASSIST in attempt to cut down or quit
- ARRANGE for follow-up



Clinical Practice Guideline Treating Tobacco Use and Dependence 2008 Update Panel, Liaisons, and Staff. A clinical practice guideline for treating tobacco use and dependence: 2008 update. A U.S. Public Health Service report. Am J Prev Med. 2008 Aug;35(2):158-76. doi: 10.1016/j.amepre.2008.04.009. PMID: 18617085; PMCID: PMC4465757.

ACBH ASSESSMENT OF TOBACCO USE

Assessment form



ACBH Tobacco Use Assessment

Beneficiary Name:			ID#:
	illness or substance use disorder m		including counseling and medication. hrough multiple quit attempts before
	ed that Smoking cessation interver d likelihood of long-term abstinence	STATES IN THE STATES AND A STATES	g additions treatment are associated rug.
	A	ssessment	
Do you currently us	e tobacco products?		
This includes cigare	ttes, cigarillos, chewing tobacco, or	vaping devices.	
□ Yes		□ No If no, stop	the assessment
	king do you smoke or use tobacco? 30 minutes signifies high dependent	ce on tobacco	
□ ≤ 5 minutes (high	dependence)	□ 6-30 minutes (moderate dependence)	
31-60 minutes (lo	ow to moderate dependence)	After 60 minutes (low dependence)	
How many cigarette	es are you currently smoking per da	y?	
□ ≤ 10	□ 11-20	🗆 21 to 30	□ ≥ 31

	Tre	atment	
Which ways have you tried	to quit?		
Cold turkey	Counseling	Nicotine replacen	nent therapy (lozenge, patch, gum
U Wellbutrin (bupropion)	□ Chantix (varenicline)	□ N/A	
How ready are you to quit?			
Ready to quit	□ Thinking about quitting wi	thin the next 30 days	□ Not interested in quitting
Would you be interested in	receiving medications for you	ur smoking/ vaping/ chew	ring tobacco use?
Tobacco treatment medicat	tion can help increase your cho	ances of quitting	
Referred to a medical provider Declined meds			
Would you be interested in	being referred to any of the fo	ollowing resources?	
Counseling and support gro	ups can help you increase you	r chances of quitting	
Nicotine Anonymous		On-site Counselor	
□ Kick It California (Hotline	with coaches to help you quit	:)	
Kick It California Website	Text "Quit Smoking" to 668:	19 Text "Quit Vaping"	to 66819
	Treat	ment Plan	
The client was advised to	get tobacco treatment.	bacco treatment. Provided referral for medication	
Direct counseling		Declined counseling	
Referral to Kick it Californ	nia	Other, please specify:	
A defairs of Newson			

Additional Notes:

IMPLEMENTING TOBACCO TREATMENT INTO YOUR FACILITIES

Individual evel Program level

Policy level

- Individual smoking cessation groups
- Referral to quitline
- NRT or prescribed medications

- Program-wide screening and counseling
- On-site tobacco cessation support
- Offer medication or refer to PCP
- Integrate with alcohol and drug treatment plan
- Educate staff and clients on the benefits of quitting tobacco
 - Smoke and tobacco -free environments
 - Denormalize smoking and promote cessation
 - Staff and resident comply with tobacco-free grounds

Integrating on-site Smoking Cessation Counseling

Practical Counseling

- Problem Solving and Skills Training:
- Build on past smoking change experiences
- Recognize danger situations
- Develop coping skills
- Education about successful smoking treatments
- Abstinence from all intoxicants

Social Support

- Encourage the patient in a change attempt
- Communicate caring and concern
- Encourage the patient discuss their change attempt
- Other non-smokers in the treatment program and in the patient's household

Clinical Practice Guideline Treating Tobacco Use and Dependence 2008 Update Panel, Liaisons, and Staff. A clinical practice guideline for treating tobacco use and dependence: 2008 update. A U.S. Public Health Service report. Am J Prev Med. 2008 Aug;35(2):158-76. doi: 10.1016/j.amepre.2008.04.009. PMID: 18617085; PMCID: PMC4465757.

INTEGRATING INTO GROUP THERAPY



Learning About Healthy Living

- Curriculum for consumers who have serious mental health conditions
- Easily adaptable for SUD group therapy
- 20 sessions
- Facilitator notes
- Consumer handouts
- What's in a cigarette, cost, health effects, info or medication etc.

Benefits of Quitting Tobacco for People in Recovery



Relapse Prevention

- Quitting tobacco may help you stay clean and sober
- Smoking cessation increases chances of being alcohol and drug-free a year later by 25%

Improved Mental Health

- Anxiety, depression, and stress decreases
- The dosage of some medicines used to treat mental health problems can be reduced





Improved Physical Health

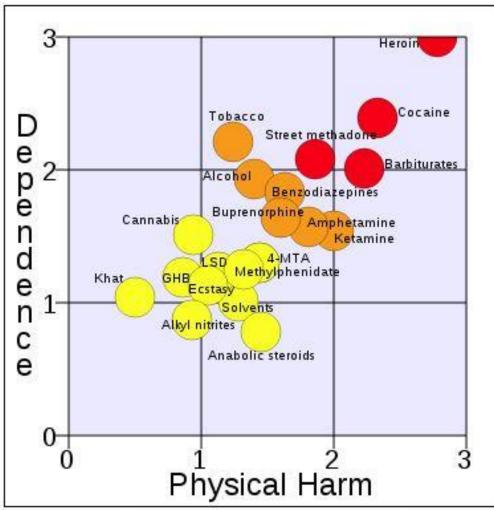
- Symptoms of chronic diseases, such as asthma, heart disease, high blood pressure, COPD, and diabetes decreases
- Less coughs, colds, and flu

TOBACCO DEPENDENCE FDA APPROVED MEDICATIONS

WHY IS IT SO ADDICTING REWARD CIRCUIT

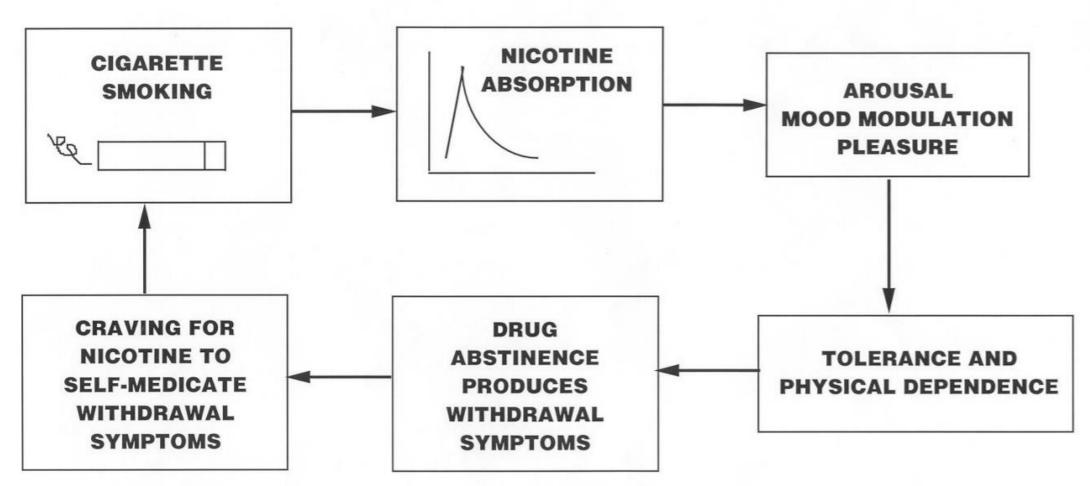
Pleasurable stimulus (food, sex, social interaction, drug) Frontal Cortex - Attention, focus, planning Ventral Tegmental Area Dopamine pleasure Serotonin satiation Amygdala - Memory - Emotional response

"That was good, let's do it again"

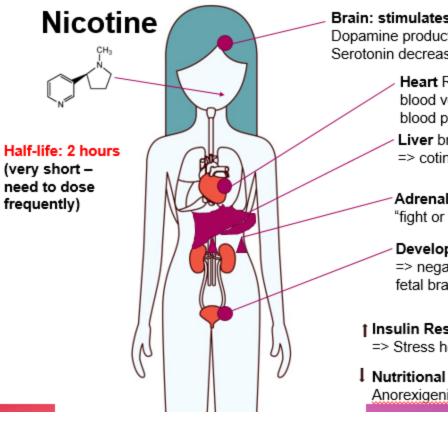


According to this chart, heroin is both the most addictive and most harmful drug. On the dependence scale, the three most addicting drugs are heroin (#1), cocaine (#2) and tobacco (#3).

NICOTINE ADDICTION CYCLE



Adapted from Neal L Benowitz, MD. UCSF Center for Tobacco Control Research and Education, 12/12/19



Brain: stimulates reward pathway Dopamine production increases, Serotonin decreases

> Heart Rate increases, blood vessels constrict, blood pressure rises Liver breaks it down (~1 day)

=> cotinine

Adrenal glands => adrenaline "fight or flight"

Developmental Effects => negative effect on fetal brain development

† Insulin Resistance => Stress hormones

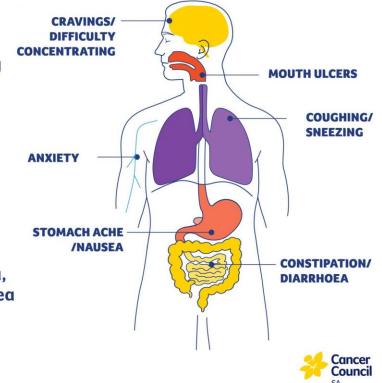
I Nutritional status => Anorexigenic effect

Symptoms of nicotine withdrawal:

- urges to smoke or cravings
- restlessness or difficulty concentrating
- difficulty sleeping
- irritability or anger
- anxiety or a low mood Less common nicotine

withdrawal symptoms:

- cold symptoms such as coughing, sore throat and sneezing
- constipation, diarrhoea, stomach aches or nausea
- dizziness or feeling light-headed
- mouth ulcers



7 MEDICATIONS THAT CAN HELP PEOPLE QUIT, CAN YOU NAME THEM?

Patients With Addiction

- Most will need medication
- May need <u>higher doses</u>, <u>longer duration of treatment</u> and <u>combination of medications</u>
- Patients undergoing alcohol / sedative withdrawal management should only receive bupropion once their seizure risk has been managed
- Each agent is effective for patients with addictions

PHS Clinical Practice Guideline: Treating Tobacco Use and Dependence: 2008 Update Signal Behavioral Health Network and the Colorado State Tobacco Education & Prevention Partnership (STEPP). Smoking Cessation for Persons with Mental Illness: A Toolkit for Health Providers. 2009

More than One Way to Quit Smoking

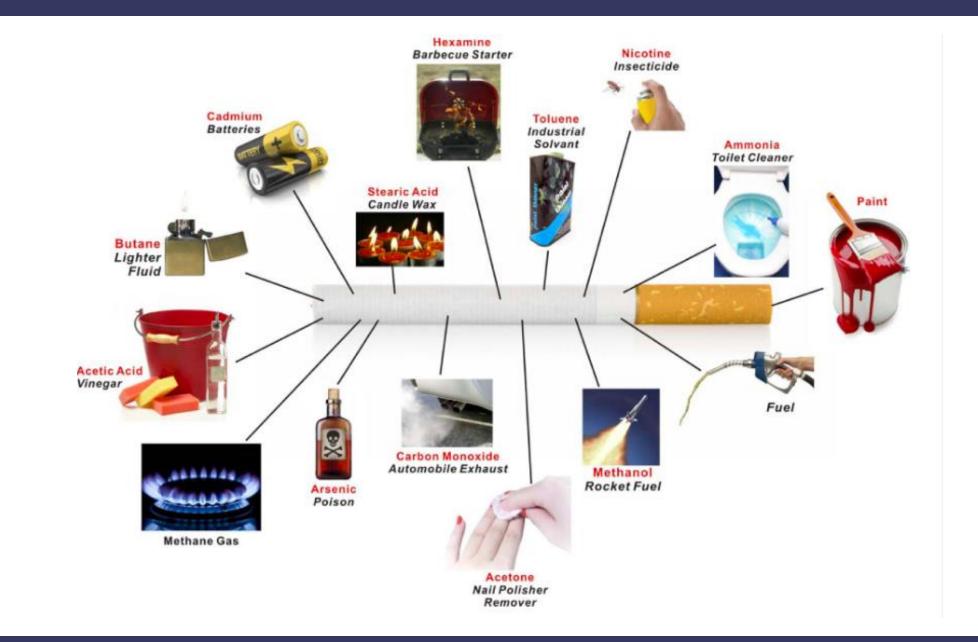
7 FDA-APPROVED MEDICATIONS FOR TOBACCO TREATMENT

CONTAINS NICOTINE	How to Use	How Often (Frequency)	How it Helps You
Patch	Worn on skin	1 patch a day	Provides continuous nicotine all day
Gum	Chew then "park" between cheek & gums	Up to 24 pieces a day	Quick way to relieve cravings
Lozenge	Dissolves in mouth	Up to 20 pieces a day	25% more nicotine than gum; has different flavors
Inhaler	Puff in by mouth	1 cartridge every 1-2 hours, up to 6-12 cartridges a day	Mimics inhaling a cigarette/vape
Spray	Spray in nose	At least 8 sprays per day	Delivers nicotine into your system fastest
DOES NOT CONTAIN NICOTINE			
Bupropion SR OF PIIIS Varenicline	Ingest by mouth	1-2 pills per day (Ask your provider about daily dosage use)	Helps prevent relapse and weight gain Stops nicotine cravings

PATIENT INFO SHEET & COVERAGE



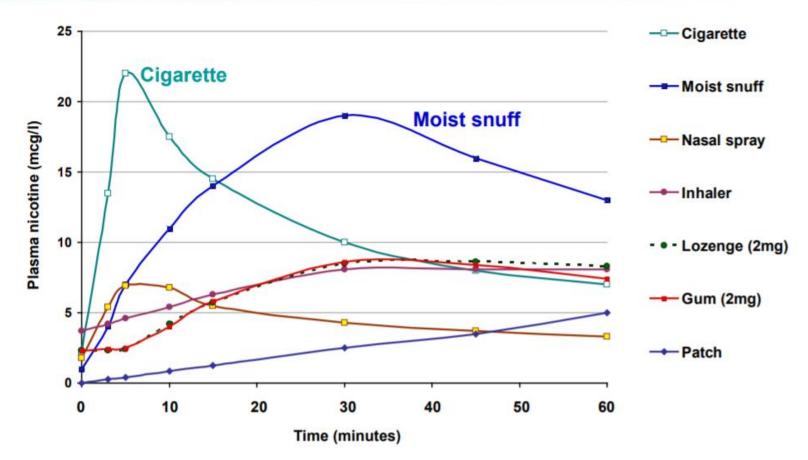
Your insurance may cover these medications. Ask your doctor if using 2 or more medications may be right for you.



nsurance	Coverage	Additional Notes	
	Covered:	Varenicline: Restricted to be part of a comprehensive smoking cessation treatment,	
	OTC NRT - Patches, Gum, Lozenge Varenicline (Chantix)	which includes behavioral modification support; Restricted to a max quantity of 60 tabs per	Medi
	Bupropion SR (Wellbutrin) PA required	dispensing	Par
Medi-Cal RX	Rx NRT: Nasal Spray and Inhaler	Bupropion SR: Restricted to be part of a comprehensive smoking cessation treatment, which includes behavioral modification support;	(Drug Cover
		Restricted to a max quantity of 60 tabs per dispensing	Medi-N
		Patches: Restricted to (1) a maximum quantity of 28 patches per dispensing; (2) one dispensing in any 25-day period	
			Priv
		<i>Gum, Lozenge:</i> Restricted to (1) a maximum quantity of 220 lozenges or pieces of gum per	Insura
		dispensing; (2) one dispensing in any 25-day period; and (3) therapy lasting up to 28 weeks from the dispensing date of the first prescription.	Unins
		Formulary:	
		<u>Contract Drugs</u>	
		OTC Drugs	

Health PAC	Covered	
	OTC NRT - Patches, Gum, Lozenge Bupropion SR: generic covered	Formulary: https://www.acgov.org/health/documents/Health
	NOT Covered:	PAC-Formulary-2019-07-brand-llb.pdf
	Varenicline (Chantix)	
Medicare	Variably Covered:	
	Varenicline (Chantix)	Check online formulary of specific Part D plan
Part D	Bupropion SR (Wellbutrin)	for details
(Drug Coverage Plans)	NOT Covered:	
	OTC NRT - Patches, Gum, Lozenge	
	•	
Medi-Medi	All Meds:	
	Must attempt coverage under Medicare Part D plan, if denied can bill Medi-Cal	See detailed instructions below
Private	All Meds:	
Insurance	Variably covered	Check online formulary of specific plan
Insulance		
Uninsured	Nicotine Patches:	
Chinodiod	The Tobacco Treatment Team at LifeLong	Consider Health PAC enrollment if eligible
	Medical Care can support individuals with	
	patches while supplies last	
	Contact:	
	Inguyen@lifelongmedical.org	







Regimens with enough evidence to be 'recommended' first-line

Combination NRT

Long-acting formulation (patch)

Produces relatively constant levels of nicotine

PLUS

Short-acting formulation (gum, inhaler, nasal spray)

- Allows for acute dose titration as needed for nicotine withdrawal symptoms
- Bupropion SR + Nicotine Patch

MEDICATION ASSISTED PHARMACOTHERAPY

- Strongly recommended as first line for smoking cessation
- Exceptions:
 - Pregnant women
 - Light/non-dailysmoking
 - Smokeless tobacco use
 - Adolescents
- Official recommendation for other groups is counseling with careful consideration of pharmacotherapy

LOCAL SUD PROGRAMS INTEGRATE NRT MEDICATIONS



Magnolia Women's Recovery, Mi Familia, Alameda Health Systems, Cronin/Chrysalis, LifeLong's Project Pride/Our Place/Street Medicine



<u>Costs</u> Patches (Walmart) - \$25.98 Gum (Walmart) - \$8.48 Lozenge (Costco) - \$4.80

KICKITCA.ORG

QUIT VAPING

ENGLISH 1-800-300-8086 **SPANISH** 1-800-600-8191

QUIT SMOKING

KickltCa.org

KICK/T

California

Free, customized one-on-one

QUIT SMOKELESS TOBACCO



Automated Text Program

We'll text you helpful tips at critical points during your quit journey, and answer any questions you have within one business day.

Text "Quit Smoking" or "Quit Vaping" to 66819 Texto "Dejar de Fumar"o "No Vapear"al 66819



Mobile Apps Download from the App Store & Play Store





coaching, grounded in science and proven to help you quit.



Speak with a Quit Coach Monday-Friday 7 am to 9 pm Saturday 9 am to 5 pm

1-800-300-8086 (English) 1-800-600-8191 (Spanish)



Chat with a Quit Coach kickitca.org/chat

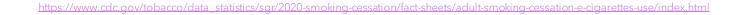


Amazon Alexa Say "Alexa, open Stop Smoking Coach" or "open Stop Vaping Coach"

APP & TEXT SUPPORT

WHAT ABOUT E-CIGARETTES?

- Research is mixed on whether e-cigarettes can help with quitting.
- NOTFDA approved as a quit aid:
 - more research is needed on quitting aid & health effects
- NOT SAFE for people who do not currently use tobacco products.
- Need to fully switch to e-cigs and stop all other tobacco for smokers to possibly achieve any meaningful health benefits .
- Once switched, ultimate goal should be to also stop using e-cigarettes completely to achieve the maximum health benefit.





BUILDING THE QUITTING MACHINE



- Find out what helped stay tobacco free
- Provide encouragement when someone relapses
- Provide options:
 - Medication "preloading" (trying out)
 - Practicing harm reduction
 - Quitting for a day with meds
 - Gradual reductions with meds

Count every quit attempt or step toward quitting as a success!